



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

*Report of alien steerage passengers arriving during the week ended April 18, 1903, at the six subports of Porto Rico.*

MAYAGUEZ.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
Apr. 16	St. Domingue (French).....	Port au Prince, Jeremie, Les Cayex, Jacmel, Santo Domingo.....	2
18	Julia (Cuban) .....	Habana, Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, Santiago, Santo Domingo, Macoris.....	4

*Report from Ponce.*

Assistant Surgeon Goldberger reports, April 20, through the chief quarantine officer for Porto Rico, as follows:

During the two weeks ended April 19, 1903, there was recorded by the local board of health a total of 33 deaths. Sanitary conditions unchanged.

*Inspection of immigrants at Ponce.*

*Report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended April 18, 1903.*

Date of arrival.	Name of vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
Apr. 18	Julia (Cuban) .....	Habana, Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Santiago de Cuba, Santo Domingo, and Macoris.	2

TURKEY.

*Shipment of wool from Damascus to United States.*

Consul Ravndal, at Beirut, reports, April 11, the shipment, via Beirut, of 66 bales of half-washed Syrian wool from Damascus on the steamship *Ocean Prince*, bound for Philadelphia, and draws attention to the fact that cholera is at present epidemic in Damascus. The shipment was covered by consular certificate showing that no epizootic disease existed in the region, and the shippers declare that the wool was brought from Damascus before the outbreak of cholera there. In view of the fact that quarantine restrictions are not always strictly enforced, and that some years ago cholera was brought to Homs from Tripoli by a flock of sheep, the consul considers it proper to note the circumstances of this shipment.

*Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.*

ARGENTINA—*Buenos Aires*.—Month of February, 1903. Estimated population, 875,000. Total number of deaths, 922, including diphtheria 11, enteric fever 17, measles 2, scarlet fever 6, smallpox 1, and 151 from tuberculosis.

AUSTRIA—*Brunn*.—Month of February, 1903. Estimated population, 95,342. Total number of deaths, 243, including diphtheria 1, measles 2, scarlet fever 5, whooping cough 3, and 38 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Nantes*.—Month of March, 1903. Estimated population, 129,000. Total number of deaths, 271, including enteric fever 2, measles 20, and 66 from tuberculosis.

*St. Etienne*.—Two weeks ended March 31, 1903. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths, 170, including diphtheria 5, and 30 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—*Hanover*.—Month of January, 1903. Estimated population, 246,278. Total number of deaths, 341, including 27 from contagious diseases.

Month of February, 1903. Total number of deaths, 307, including 16 from contagious diseases.

*Weimar*.—Month of March, 1903. Estimated population, 30,042. Total number of deaths, 37. No contagious diseases reported.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended April 22, 1903. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 25. No deaths from contagious diseases.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended April 11, 1903, correspond to an annual rate of 15.6 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,075,011.

*London*.—One thousand three hundred and forty-five deaths were registered during the week, including measles 48, scarlet fever 3, diphtheria 11, whooping cough 47, enteric fever 6, and diarrhea 19. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 15.2 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,830 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from diphtheria, 4 from measles, and 7 from whooping cough.

*Ireland*.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended April 11, 1903, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 20.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Portadown, viz, 5.2, and the highest in Wexford, viz, 42.0 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 174 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 4, measles 3, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 2, smallpox 1, and 29 from tuberculosis.

*Scotland*.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended April 11, 1903, correspond to an annual rate of 17.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,702,912. The lowest mortality was recorded in Aberdeen, viz, 14.9, and the highest in Perth, viz, 27.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 578, including diphtheria 3, measles 14, scarlet fever 3, and 25 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—*Nagasaki*.—Ten days ended March 31, 1903. Estimated population, 131,700. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from enteric fever reported.

JAVA—*Batavia*.—Two weeks ended March 21, 1903. Estimated population, 150,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases.

PORTO RICO.—Month of March, 1903. Census population, 953,947. Total number of deaths, 1,950, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 5, and 132 from tuberculosis.

ST. HELENA.—Three weeks ended April 4, 1903. Estimated population, 4,000. Total number of deaths, 6, including 1 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Corunna*.—Month of March, 1903. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 89, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 22 from tuberculosis.

SWITZERLAND.—Reports for the two weeks ended April 4, 1903, from eighteen cities and towns having an aggregate population of 790,000, show a total of 505 deaths, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 3, measles 18, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 7, and 96 from phthisis pulmonalis.